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- (2) If any submission does not contain the data listed above, the submission shall be reviewed to determine if the data submitted is adequate to meet the requirements of the Contract Disputes Act. The contractor shall be notified of the nature of any deficiency in the supporting data which results in a determination that the submission is not adequate.
- (c) Certification. (1) A claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment in excess of \$50,000 must be certified in accordance with the requirements of section 6(c)(1) of the Contract Disputes Act. (See FAR 33.207.) If any submission does not contain a proper certification, the contractor shall be informed of any deficiency in the certification.
- (2) A claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment certified in accordance with DFARS 233.7000(a) shall be considered to meet the certification requirements set forth in (c)(1) of this section.
- (d) Once a claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment has been properly certified and accompanied by adequate supporting data, the date of proper certification and submission of adequate supporting data shall be operative for purposes of this subpart, even if additional certification(s) or data submission(s) is required of, or provided by, the contractor supplementing the original submission or revising the amount requested or theory of recovery, unless the additional certification or data submission is required or provided because the contractor has submitted a new or essentially new claim, request, or demand based on different events.

5243.105-94 Solicitation provision and contract clause.

- (a) The contracting officer shall insert the provision at 5252.243-9000, Notification of Applicability of 10 U.S.C. 2405, in all solicitations for shipbuilding contracts.
- (b) The contracting officer shall insert the clause at 5252.243-9001, Requirements for Adequate Supporting Data and Certification of Any Claim, Request for Equitable Adjustment, or Demand for Payment in all shipbuild-

ing solicitations and shipbuilding contracts.

PART 5252—SOLICITATION PROVI-SIONS AND CONTRACT CLAUSES

Subpart 5252.2—Texts of Provisions and Clauses

5252.215-9000 Submission of cost or pricing data.

5252.242-9000 Refunds.

5252.243-9000 Notification of applicability of 10 U.S.C. 2405.

5252.243-9001 Requirements for adequate supporting data and certification of any claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301, 10 U.S.C. 2405, DOD Directive 5000.35, and DFARS subparts 201.3 and 243.1.

Source: 53 FR 16282, May 6, 1988, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart 5252.2—Texts of Provisions and Clauses

5252.215-9000 Submission of cost or pricing data.

As prescribed at 5215.407, insert the following provision:

SUBMISSION OF COST OR PRICING DATA (NOV 1987)

- (a) It is expected that this contract will be awarded based upon a determination that there is adequate price competition; therefore, the offeror is not required to submit or certify cost or pricing data (SF 1411) with its proposal.
- (b) If, after receipt of the proposals, the contracting officer determines that adequate price competition does not exist in accordance with FAR 15.804–3, the offeror shall provide certified cost or pricing data as requested by the contracting officer.

(End of clause)

ALTERNATE I (Nov 1987)

As prescribed at 5215.407, substitute the following paragraph (b):

(b) If, after receipt of the proposals, the contracting officer determines that adequate price competition does not exist, the offeror shall provide certified cost or pricing data as requested by the contracting officer. The

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offeror shall provide the requested data within 1 calendar days from the date of the contracting officer's request.

(End of clause)

5252.242-9000 Refunds.

As prescribed in 5242.9000 insert the following clause:

REFUNDS (SPARES AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT)
(DEC 1986)

- (a) In the event that the price of a spare part or item of support equipment delivered under this contract significantly exceeds its intrinsic value, the contractor agrees to refund the difference. Refunds will only be made for the difference between the intrinsic value of the item at the time an agreement on price was reached and the contract price. Refunds will not be made to recoup the amount of cost decreases that occur over time due to productivity gains (beyond economic purchase quantity considerations) or changes in market conditions.
- (b) For purposes of this clause, the intrinsic value of an item is defined as follows:
- (1) If the item is one which is sold, or is substantially similar or functionally equivalent to one that is sold in substantial quantities to the general public, intrinsic value is the established catalog or market price, plus the value of any unique requirements, including delivery terms, inspection, packaging, or labeling.
- (2) If there is no comparable item sold in substantial quantities to the general public, intrinsic value is defined as the price an individual would expect to pay for the item based upon an economic quantity as defined in FAR 52.207-4, plus the value of any unique requirements, including delivery terms, inspection, packaging, or labeling.
- (c) At any time up to two years after delivery of a space part or item of support equipment, the contracting officer may notify the contractor that based on all information available at the time of the notice, the price of the part or item apparently exceeds its intrinsic value.
- (d) If notified in accordance with paragraph (c) of this clause, the contractor agrees to enter into good faith negotiations with the Government to determine if, and in what amount, the Government is entitled to a refund.
- (e) If agreement pursuant to paragraph (d) of this clause, cannot be reached, and the Navy's return of the new or unused item to the contractor is practical, the Navy, subject to the contractor's agreement, may elect to return the item to the contractor. Upon return of the item to its original point of gov-

ernment acceptance, the contractor shall refund in full the price paid. If no agreement pursuant to paragraph (d) of this clause is reached, and return of the item by the Navy is impractical, the contracting officer may, with the approval of the Head of the Contracting Activity, issue a contracting officer's final decision on the matter, subject to contractor appeal as provided in the Disputes clause.

- (f) The contractor will make refunds, as required under this clause, in accordance with instructions from the contracting officer.
- (g) The contractor shall not be liable for a refund if the contractor advised the contracting officer in a timely manner that the price it would propose for a spare part or item of support equipment exceeded its intrinsic value, and with such advice, specified the estimated proposed price, the estimated intrinsic value, and known alternative sources or items, if any, that can meet the requirement.
- (h) This clause does not apply to any spare parts or items of support equipment whose price is determined through adequate price competition. This clause also does not apply to any spare part or item of support equipment with a unit price in excess of \$100,000; or in excess of \$25,000 if the contractor submitted, and certified the currency, accuracy and completeness of, cost or pricing data applicable to the item.

(End of clause)

5252.243-9000 Notification of applicability of 10 U.S.C. 2405.

As prescribed at 5243.105-94(a), insert the following provision:

Notification of Applicability of 10 U.S.C. 2405 (Nov 1991)

The contract which will result from an award made pursuant to this solicitation is a shipbuilding contract, and, therefore, any claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment submitted by the contractor seeking a price adjustment under this contract is subject to 10 U.S.C. 2405.

(End of clause)

[56 FR 63675, Dec. 5, 1991]

5252.243-9001 Requirements for adequate supporting data and certification of any claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment.

As prescribed at 5243.105-94(b), insert the following clause in full text:

 $^{{}^{1}\}mathrm{To}$ be completed by the contracting officer.

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REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE SUPPORTING DATA AND CERTIFICATION OF ANY CLAIM, REQUEST FOR EQUITABLE ADJUSTMENT, OR DEMAND FOR PAYMENT (NOV 1991)

- (a) This contract is subject to 10 U.S.C. 2405; therefore, no price adjustment will be made under this contract for an amount set forth in a claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment (or incurred due to the preparation, submission, or adjudication of any such claim, request, or demand) arising out of events occurring more than 18 months before the submission of the claim, request, or demand.
- (b) A claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment is considered to be submitted on the date the contractor's submission is received by the contracting officer accompanied by adequate supporting data for the claim, request or demand, and the certification required by section 6(c)(1) of the Contract Disputes Act, if the claim, request or demand is over \$50,000.
- (c) Adequate supporting data includes data which is adequate to apprise the contracting officer of the underlying facts and the theory upon which the contractor relies in support of its entitlement to a price adjustment. Adequate supporting data is that data which fulfills these purposes in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Disputes Act. A submission containing the following information will be deemed to have been submitted with adequate supporting data:
- (1) A narrative statement of the nature of the event(s), the time when the event(s) occurred (including the factual basis supporting the contractor's designation of the time the event(s) occurred), and the causal relationship between the event(s) and the impact on the cost of performance of the contract, including a description of how the event(s) affected scheduled performance;
- (2) A description of the relevant effort the contractor was required to perform in the absence of the event(s):
- (3) A description of the relevant effort the contractor was actually required or will be required to perform;
- (4) A description of components, equipment, and other property involved;
- (5) A cost breakdown of the additional effort by element in accordance with the contractor's normal procedures for pricing of changes;
- (6) A description of all property which will no longer be needed by the contractor;
- (7) A description of any delay caused by the event(s);
- (8) A description of any disruption caused by the event(s).
- (d) Certification of the claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment is required if the requested price adjustment is over \$50,000. The certification re-

quirements are those set forth in the CDA and implementing regulations.

- (e) For the purpose of this clause, the following terms have the meanings set forth below.
- (1) Claim means a written demand or written assertion by the contractor seeking, as a matter of right, a price adjustment under the contract. The theory upon which the contractor seeks the price adjustment does not determine whether a particular matter is a claim. The term includes a submission asserting any theory supporting a price adjustment, including but not limited to constructive change, breach of contract or mistake, which, if valid, would result in contractor entitlement to a price adjustment. A voucher, invoice or other routine request for payment that is not in dispute when submitted is not a claim. A claim does not include a request for equitable adjustment or demand for payment, as defined below.
- (2) Demand for payment means a written demand for payment, the granting of which results in a price adjustment under the contract. A demand for payment does not include a routine request for payment in accordance with the payment terms of the contract.
- (3) Events means the Government action(s), Government inaction(s), Government conduct, or occurrence(s) which give rise to the contractor's claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment. The term events does not require the incurrence of costs and/or performance of additional work resulting from the action(s), inaction(s), conduct or occurrence(s) except where a contractor's commencement of the correction of defective GFI/GFP constitutes the final occurrence. For the purpose of this subpart, the date of the final Government action, Government inaction, Government conduct or occurrence is the date on which the 18month period commences.
- (4) Knew or should have known includes the totality of the combined actual and constructive knowledge of all agents or employees (including a subcontractor, its agents and employees, where and to the extent a subcontractor is involved).
- (5) Price adjustment means an increase in the fixed price, target price, ceiling price, or final price of a fixed price type contract, or an increase in the fee structure of a cost reimbursement type contract, or monetary damages or other payment resulting from a contractor claim, request for equitable adjustment, or demand for payment. An adjustment to the sharing ratio or to any other pricing formula, procedure or provision, which has the effect of increasing the fixed price, target price, ceiling price, final price, or fee of the contract, is a price adjustment. A schedule adjustment, whether requested as part of a submission seeking a price adjustment or as the sole relief, or an adjustment

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for any matter which, pursuant to the terms of the contract is separate from or not included in the fixed price, target price, ceiling price or final price of a fixed price contract or the fee structure of a cost reimbursement contract, is not a price adjustment. The bilateral definitization of a maximum-price modification within the maximum price is not a price adjustment. A routine invoice or other request for payment or reimbursement in accordance with the terms of the contract, even if in dispute, which, if paid,

would not result in an increase in the price of the contract is not a price adjustment. For the purpose of this subpart, relief granted pursuant to a request for extraordinary contractual relief under Pub. L. 85–804 does not constitute a price adjustment.

(6) Request for equitable adjustment means a written request for a price adjustment under the contract.

(End of clause)

[56 FR 63675, Dec. 5, 1991]